POLICY AND PROCEDURE

POLICY NAME: Personal Care Services Authorization	POLICY ID: ARTC.UM.19
BUSINESS UNIT: Arkansas Total Care	FUNCTIONAL AREA: Utilization Management
EFFECTIVE DATE: 1/1/2024	PRODUCT(S): Medicaid
REVIEWED/REVISED DATE:	
REGULATOR MOST RECENT APPROVAL DATE(S):	

POLICY STATEMENT:

Arkansas Total Care (ARTC) procedure for authorization of Personal Care services for the plan's members.

PURPOSE:

ARTC authorizes Personal Care Services (PCS) for the Plan members. Personal Care Services (PCS) are defined as tasks that are

- reasonable and medically necessary,
- when a member has physical limitations due to illness, injury, or developmental delays.

Such services are intended to supplement, not supplant, other resources available to the member. Personal care services are primarily based on the assessed physical dependency need for "hands-on" services with the following activities of daily living (ADL): eating, bathing, dressing, personal hygiene, toileting, and ambulating. Hands-on assistance in at least one (1) of these areas, based on the ARIA assessment and/or other relevant assessment results is required, and such services require a prior authorization. An individualized plan of care (Person-Centered Care Plan "PCSP") is developed based on the ARIA assessment results and information in the form designated by ARTC that is submitted by the provider and is based on a member's assessed dependency in at least one of the above-listed activities of daily living. This type of assistance is provided by a personal care aide based on a member's physical dependency needs (as opposed to purely housekeeping services). IADLs (Instrumental Activities of Daily Living) include meal preparation, incidental housekeeping, laundry, medication assistance, etc. While not a part of the eligibility criteria, the need for assistance with other tasks and IADLs are considered in the assessment. Both types of assistance are considered when determining the amount of overall personal care assistance authorized.

Although the tasks the aide performs are similar to those that a nurse's aide would normally perform if the member were in a hospital or in a nursing facility, these services prevent institutionalization, and enable the recipient to be treated in their own home and community on a more cost-effective basis.

SCOPE:

This policy applies to all directors, officers, and employees of Arkansas Total Care.

DEFINITIONS:

Medical Necessity: Medically necessary services are those that:

- Are appropriate and consistent with the diagnosis of the treating practitioner and the omission of which could adversely affect the member's medical or behavioral health (BH) condition.
- Are compatible with the standards of acceptable medical practice in the community.
- Are provided in a safe, appropriate, and cost-effective setting given the nature of the diagnosis and the severity of the symptoms.
- Are not provided solely for the convenience of the member, the practitioner, or the facility providing the care.
- Are not primarily custodial care unless custodial care is a covered service or benefit under the member's evidence
 of coverage and appropriate; and
- There must be no other effective and more conservative or substantially less costly treatment, service and setting available.
 - Treat the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of an enrollee's disease, condition, and/or disorder that results in health impairments and/or disability.
 - Allow for the ability for an enrollee to achieve age-appropriate growth and development.
 - Allow for the ability for an enrollee to attain, maintain, or regain functional capacity; and
 - Allow the opportunity for an enrollee receiving LTSS to have access to the benefits of community living, achieve person-centered goals, and live and work in the setting of their choice.

Age-appropriate ADL Deficit: In children under the age of 18, a deficit in ability to perform associated activity of daily living without supervision or assistance of a responsible adult (parent, legal guardian, or custodian) that would be present in a child of that age level. For example, a 3-year-old would require assistance with meal preparation, cutting meals, laundry, etc. regardless of physical or mental disease, illness, or condition.

POLICY:

The policy of the Plan is to authorize reasonable and medically necessary PCS in the home, or community, for members within the following parameters:

- A. Must be included in an approved plan of care/treatment plan completed by the provider,
 - Have a physician's prescription, or referral and be signed by the members primary care physician (PCP).
 - Request must include ARTC Personal Care Services Request form.
 - Must meet medical necessity criteria
 - Service plan of the provider must indicate tasks to be performed, frequency, and quantity of time allotted to task.
 - Inability of the primary caregiver to perform needed tasks will be considered in the determination of medical necessity
 - Service must be requested for CPT code T1019
 - Provider must have a signed freedom of choice form available upon request from ARTC
- B. The services must include the performance of direct care, and cannot consist solely of oversight, cuing, or supervision, unless documentation provided indicates the oversight, cuing, or supervision is to prevent harm to the member.
 - PCS are not to be provided to meet childcare needs nor as a substitute for the parent in the absence of the parent for age-appropriate ADL deficits.
 - PCS are not allowable for the purpose of providing respite care for the primary care giver
- C. The services must be provided by a qualified individual who is <u>not part of the member's family or household</u> and meets the standards for personal care as set by the Arkansas Department of Human Services Medicaid Personal Services Provider manual.
- D. The services cannot be met by other resources.
 - Authorization requests must contain information on available resources (ability and availability for completion of needed assistance).
 - For members under the age of 18, documentation should clearly indicate the circumstances that impede care by the responsible adult (parent, legal guardian, custodial guardian) that a prudent layperson would assume to be given to a child of the same age without a health condition.
- E. All services must be prior authorized for periods of 6 months at a time and be services outlined on the member's patient centered service plan (PSCP).
- F. Services requested must meet the qualifications for the task or routine as outlined. Requests will be approved for only the tasks or routines that meet medical necessity.
- G. Personal care services are services furnished to an individual who is not an inpatient or a resident of:
 - 1. A hospital,
 - 2. A nursing facility,
 - 3. A Level II assisted living facility,
 - 4. An intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities (ICF/IID) or
 - 5. An institution for mental diseases (IMD).

ADLs and IADLs

Meal Preparation

- A. Meal preparation is a covered personal care service if the aide's logged service time meets certain conditions:
 - 1. The aide must make reasonable efforts to prepare servings of a size or an amount commensurate with the member's nutritional needs and normal appetite.
 - 2. ARTC does not cover an aide's time at meal preparation tasks or assisting at meal preparation tasks for members of the member's household, or whose personal care service plans do not include meal preparation tasks or assistance with meal preparation tasks.
- B. This routine includes the tasks involved in:
 - 1. Preparing and serving a meal and
 - 2. Cleaning articles and utensils used in the preparation of the meal.

- C. To be eligible to receive personal care assistance with meal preparation, a member's physical dependency needs must prevent or substantially impair his or her ability to perform meal-preparation tasks or to clean up the utensils and preparation area.
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.
- D. The aide's service in the member's meal preparation routine is hands-on assistance with meal preparation tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
- E. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Consuming Meals

- A. The service related to this routine includes the tasks involved in giving the member hands-on assistance to consume a meal and fluids.
- B. To receive personal care assistance with this routine, a member's physical dependency needs must prevent or substantially impair his or her ability to execute tasks such as cutting food in bite-size pieces or negotiating food from plate to mouth.
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.
- C. The related service is hands-on assistance with the member's physical dependency needs to accomplish eating. The aide may only assist with or perform functional tasks the member cannot physically perform, in accordance with the member's physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
- D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.
- E. Observing a member eat is not a covered service unless documented in the service plan that failure to observe the member's eating places the member at risk of injury or harm.

Personal Hygiene

- A. The tasks constituting this service are those involved in hands-on assistance with the member's personal hygiene. "Personal hygiene" means grooming, shampooing, shaving, skin care, oral care, brushing or combing of hair, and menstrual hygiene.
 - 1. An aide's time spent reminding a member to perform personal hygiene tasks is not a covered service unless the member's service plan includes hands-on assistance with personal hygiene.
 - 2. An aide's time spent observing a member perform personal hygiene tasks is not a covered service unless documentation is present in the service plan that failure to observe the activity places the member at risk of injury or harm.
- B. Beneficiaries eligible for this service must have a physical dependency preventing or substantially impairing their ability to perform hair and skin care and grooming, oral hygiene, shaving and nail care.
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.
- C. The aide's service in regard to this routine is hands-on assistance with personal hygiene tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
- D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Bowel and Bladder Requirements

- A. The tasks constituting this service are those involved in hands-on assistance with the member's elimination routines.
- B. Beneficiaries eligible for this service must have a physical dependency need preventing or substantially impairing their ability:
 - 1. To safely enter and exit the bathroom, or
 - 2. To properly complete elimination routines without assistance.
- C. The aide's service in this routine is hands-on assistance with bladder-and-bowel-voiding tasks the member cannot physically perform alone, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.

D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Medication

- A. Personal care aide services regarding medication routines are covered only to the extent that they are permitted by the Arkansas Nurse Practice Act and implementing rules and regulations.
- B. The tasks constituting this service are those involved in hands-on assistance with the member's medications.
- C. Beneficiaries eligible for this service must have a physical dependency need preventing or substantially impairing their ability to dispense and ingest orally administered prescription medications safely and correctly.
- D. The aide's service in regard to the member's medication routines is hands-on assistance with tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment,
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.
- E. Observing or supervising a member take medications is not a covered service unless documented in the service plan that failure to observe the member's taking of medication places the member at risk of injury or harm
- F. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Mobility and Ambulation

- A. The tasks constituting this service are those involved in hands-on assistance with the member's mobility and ambulation. "Mobility and ambulation" mean functional mobility (moving from seated to standing, getting in and out of bed) and mastering the use of adaptive equipment.
- B. Beneficiaries eligible for this service must have a physical dependency need preventing or substantially impairing their ability:
 - 1. To turn themselves in bed,
 - 2. To move from bed to chair (including wheelchair or motorized chair),
 - To walk (alone or with a device) or
 - 4. To operate a push wheelchair or a motorized chair.
- C. The aide's service in this routine is hands-on assistance with ambulation and mobility tasks the member cannot physically perform alone, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
 - Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to age-appropriate ADL
 deficits.
- D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Incidental Housekeeping

- A. "Incidental housekeeping" means cleaning of the floor, furniture, and areas that are directly used by the member.
- B. The aide's service in regard to incidental housekeeping is hands-on assistance with covered tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the detailed physical dependency needs described in the assessment.
 - Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.
- C. The assessment must describe the impairments that prevent or impede the member's ability to move freely and safely about their living area and clean the floor and furniture in the area they occupy.
- D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Laundry

- A. "Laundry" means laundering only items incidental to the care of the member. Laundry is not a covered service if it includes laundry services for the convenience of individuals residing in the same service delivery location.
- B. The aide's service in regard to laundry is hands-on assistance with covered laundry tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the member's physical dependency needs detailed in the assessment.
 - 1. Dependency or need must meet medical necessity criteria and not be attributable to normal ageappropriate ADL deficits.

- C. The assessment must also describe the impairment(s) that prevent or impede the member's ability to move freely and safely about his or her living area and to perform some or all of the laundry tasks involved in maintaining his or her own clothing and bed and bath linens.
- D. The service plan must correlate each required task with its corresponding physical dependency need.

Shopping

"Shopping" means services to address the member's physical dependency need by assisting the member with shopping or by shopping for the member.

- A. Assisting a member with shopping is a covered service only when the member is purchasing items that are necessary for the member's health and maintenance in the home (such as food, clothing, and other essential items) and that are used primarily by the member.
 - The aide's service in regard to shopping is hands-on assistance with covered shopping tasks the member cannot physically perform, according to the member's physical dependency needs detailed in the assessment.
 - 2. The assessment must describe the impairment(s) that prevent or impede the member's ability to move freely and safely in stores and perform some or all of the shopping tasks necessary to maintain his or her health and comfort.
 - 3. The service plan must correlate each required task with the member's corresponding physical dependency need.
- B. If the service plan requires the aide to shop for the member:
 - 1. The member, or the member's representative, has freedom of choice to describe the items to be purchased (within the constraints stated herein) for the member's maintenance in the home.
 - 2. The member has freedom of choice to designate the individual stores at which to purchase the items.
- C. If there are other members of the member's household, the service plan must not include shopping, or assistance with shopping, unless the assessment fully documents all reasons each household member can neither:
 - 1. Assist with or do the member's shopping, nor
 - 2. Arrange for someone else to assist with or to do the member's shopping.
- D. ARTC provides no additional coverage for an aide's mileage incurred performing shopping tasks.

Excluded Services

The following services are not appropriate for personal care and are not reimbursable as PCS. Other exclusions may be cited above under specific ADL/IADL sections:

- Medical, skilled nursing, pharmacy, skilled therapy services, medical social services, or medical technician services of any kind, including, but not limited to, aseptic or sterile procedures, application of dressings, medications administration, injections, observation and assessment of health conditions, insertion, removal, or irrigation of catheters, tube or other enteral feedings, tracheostomy care, oxygen administration, ventilator care, drawing blood, and care and maintenance of any medical equipment;
- 2. Services within the scopes of practice of licensed cosmetologists, manicurists, electrologists, or aestheticians, except for necessary assistance with personal hygiene and basic grooming.
- 3. Services provided for a person other than the member, including but limited to a provider, family member, household resident, or neighbor.
- 4. Companion, socialization, entertainment, or recreational services or activities of any kind (including, but not limited to, game playing, television watching, arts and crafts, hobbies, and other activities pursued for pleasure, relaxation, or fellowship).
- 5. Habilitation services, including assistance in acquiring, retaining, or improving self-help, socialization, and/or adaptive skills; and
- 6. Mental health counseling or services.
- 7. Babysitting or respite services

PROCEDURE:

Authorization Protocols (Initial and Reauthorization)

PCS authorizations are approved for a maximum of 180 days at a time. A unit of personal care service is 15 minutes of direct service to the member. Time spent for travel, lunch, breaks, or administrative activities such as completing reports or paperwork are not to be included.

- A. The following documentation is required prior to authorization or reauthorization of personal care services:
 - 1. Physician's referral for PCS. Services **must be prescribed** initially. Referral can be by the primary care physician or consulting physician, which can be a physician, physician's assistant, or a nurse practitioner. Referral cannot be from a registered nurse.
 - Services will be authorized for 6 months.
 - 2. Individual Service Plan prepared by the PCS agency as designated on ARTC Personal Care Authorization Request form. **NO SERVICES** may be initiated or changed prior to approval by the Plan
 - Plan of Care must be completed in its entirety and include the tasks to be provided. Frequency and duration of these tasks, and total number of hours per day and week are needed to perform the tasks
 - Request form must be signed by the members primary care physician or referring physician.
 - Signature can be by a physician's assistant or nurse practitioner acting as PCP.
 - 3. ARTC Personal Care Authorization Request Form. The completed form shall include all information applicable to the individual member, including:
 - Member and provider information.
 - Certification that the member's service plan will not duplicate any other in-home services of which the provider is aware.
 - The total number of hours per month the provider seeks to offer the member.
 - Detailed information on all personal assistance available to the member through other sources, including informal caregivers (e.g., family, friends), community organizations (e.g., Meals on Wheels), Medicare (e.g., Medicare home health aide services), or the member's Medicare Advantage health plan.
 - The frequency of in-person supervisory visits to be made by an agency supervisor based on the specific needs of the member and the recommendations of an agency-designated registered nurse.

Authorizations are not transferable between agencies. Recipients have the right to change providers at any time; however, the current agency must notify the Plan of recipient's discharge and new agency must obtain their own authorization through the usual authorization process. Service disruption will be avoided with transfer between PASSE's, and authorization for previously authorized services will align with the policy as outlined in ARTC.CC.16 Continuity and Continuation of Care.

Hours approved cannot be 'saved' for another week or 'banked' for future use. Personal care services for members under the age of 19 are not subject to service limits. Members over the age of 19 are limited to 64 hours a month in personal care services. The units of service approved shall be based on the physical requirements of the recipient and medical necessity for the covered services in the program.

The rules governing PCS and determinations are outlined in the State Provider Manual. Care cannot be provided by family as defined by the state of Arkansas. The State defines "a member of the individual's family" as:

- 1. A spouse,
- 2. A minor's parent, stepparent, foster parent, or anyone acting as a minor's parent,
- 3. A minor's "guardian of the person" or anyone acting as a minor's "guardian of the person" or
- 4. An adult's "guardian of the person" or anyone acting as an adult's "guardian of the person
- The clinical decision process begins when a request for authorization of services is received at the Plan.
- On verification of receipt of required documentation, the standard authorization process is followed.
- To support the utilization review decision making process, clinical information relevant to the case, as well as the
 rationale used to make the clinical decision, is documented consistently and accurately. This process is outlined
 in the associated policies CC.UM.02.01 Medical Necessity review, CC.UM.06 clinical documentation, and
 ARTC.UM.05 Timeliness of UM Decisions.

1.Karkos and McNeal, (2014), EPSTD Medicaid Program for 0-21 years,

https://www.aacpdm.org/UserFiles/file/BRK13.pdf, page 28-29

2. Arkansas Department of Human Services, Medicaid Billing and Provider Manuals, Personal Care Services, Section II, https://humanservices.arkansas.gov/divisions-shared-services/medical-services/helpful-information-for-providers/manuals/perscare-prov/

ATTACHMENTS: ARTC Personal Care Services Request Form, Arkansas Medicaid Tasks and Standards Form

ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES:		
Policy Questions	Jennifer Mieirs RN	Medical Management Supervisor
Determinations	Mike Prestwich, RN	Manager, Utilization Management

REGULATORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:

Which regulator(s) require reporting, what should be reported, when to report, and how to report/who to contact.

REVISION LOG

REVISION TYPE	REVISION SUMMARY	DATE APPROVED & PUBLISHED	
New Policy Document		1/1/2024	

POLICY AND PROCEDURE APPROVAL

The electronic approval retained in RSA Archer, the Company's P&P management software, is considered equivalent to a signature.