# Well-Child Visits and Immunizations

Ages 0-21 orkansas

Well-child visits are a time when parents can check on their child's health and make sure they're growing and developing normally. Well-child visits typically start a few days after a child is born and continue until they turn 21. During a well-child visit, the doctor will:

- ▶ Perform a physical exam.
- Give the child any necessary shots, such as vaccinations.
- Track how your child is growing and ask about their development and behavior.
- Talk about illness prevention, nutrition and physical fitness, and health and safety issues.
- Talk about how to handle emergencies and sudden illness.

Your child's doctor will review your child's growth and development at each well-child visit. This includes measuring your child's height, weight, and milestones such as:

- At six months old, the child should respond to their own name, roll over, and have good hand-eye coordination.
- At one year old, the child should be able to take a few steps and say simple words, such as "da-da" or "ma-ma."
- At two years old, the child should be able to say two- to fourword phrases, begin to run, and start to show signs of being ready for potty training.
- At four years old, the child should be social with other children, copy some letters and numbers, and have good language skills. Submit claim/encounter data for each service rendered.
- Ensure all claim/encounter data is accurate and submitted in a timely manner.

### **Recommended Ages for Well-Child Visits:**

Between birth and 12 months									
Total Number of Visits: <b>Six well-child visits</b>	2 weeks	2 months	4 months	6 months	9 months	12 months (1 year)			
	1	1	1	1	1	1			

Between 15 months and 30 months								
Total Number of Visits: <b>Two or more well-child</b> visits	15 months	18 months	2 years	2.5 years (30 months)				
	1	1	1	1				

Between three years and 21 years						
At least one	After age three, a well-child visit should take place every year and should include					
comprehensive well-child	a physical exam as well as a growth, developmental, behavioral, and learning					
visit per year	assessment.					

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#### Why Are Immunizations Important?

Immunizations help protect us and those around us from preventable diseases like tetanus, HPV, polio, measles, meningitis, and whooping cough. They work by helping our bodies create immunity — the body's way of preventing disease. Immunizations trigger your child's immune system to produce antibodies and develop immunity without getting sick.

Childhood vaccinations are important because young immune systems are more vulnerable to diseases and illnesses. If your child is exposed to a disease like measles, for example, their immune system may not be strong enough to fight it off. And now that travel is easier and more common than ever, there's an increased risk of exposure to diseases that are more prevalent in other areas.

#### **Recommended Ages for Immunizations:**

Birth to 15 months									
	Birth (in the hospital)	2 months	4 months	6 months	12 months	15 months	18 months		
Нер В	<b>X</b> 1/3	<b>X</b> 2/3		<b>X</b> 3/3					
Rotavirus		<b>X</b> 1/3	<b>X</b> 2/3	<b>X</b> 3/3					
DTaP*		<b>X</b> 1/5	<b>X</b> 2/5	<b>X</b> 3/5		<b>X</b> 4/5			
HiB*		<b>X</b> 1/4	<b>X</b> 2/4	<b>X</b> 3/4	<b>X</b> 4/4				
IPV*		<b>X</b> 1/3	<b>X</b> 2/3	<b>X</b> 3/3					
PCV		<b>X</b> 1/4	<b>X</b> 2/4	<b>X</b> 3/4	<b>X</b> 4/4				
Flu/Influenza				Х			Х		
Нер А					<b>X</b> 1/2		<b>X</b> 2/2		
MMR/Varicella					<b>X</b> 1/2				

\*These shots are given as a combination so that the patient gets fewer shots per visit, but the same level of protection against illnesses.

3 years to 20 years										
	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years	8 Years	9-10 Years	11-12 Years	13 Years	14-15 Years	16 Years	17–20 Years
MMR/Varicella		<b>X</b> 2/2								
DTaP		<b>X</b> 5/5								
Flu/Influenza	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
School Shots		Х	Х							
HPV <sup>+</sup>					<b>X</b> 1/3	<b>X</b> 2/3	<b>X</b> 3/3			
Tdap <sup>‡</sup>						X				
Meningococcal						<b>X</b> 1/2			<b>X</b> 2/2	

<sup>†</sup>HPV vaccines must be administered six months apart. <sup>‡</sup>Tdap is a middle school immunization requirement.

Source: CDC.gov